Computation and Modeling Assignment 21

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Problem 21-1

A uniform distribution on the interval [3,7] is a probability distribution p(x) that takes the following form for some constant k:

$$p(x) = \begin{cases} k & x \in [3,7] \\ 0 & x \notin [3,7] \end{cases}$$

It is also $\mathcal{U}[3,7]$. So, to say that $X \sim \mathcal{U}[3,7]$, is to say that $X \sim p$ for the function p shown above.

1. Find the value of k such that p(x) is a valid probability distribution.

Solution:

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} p(x) dx = \int_{3}^{7} k dx = 1$$
$$kx \Big|_{3}^{7} = 1$$
$$7k - 3k = 1$$
$$4k = 1$$
$$k = \frac{1}{4}$$

2. Given that $X \sim \mathcal{U}[3,7]$, compute E[X].

Solution:

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} xp(x)dx = \int_{3}^{7} kxdx$$
$$= \int_{3}^{7} \frac{1}{4}xdx$$
$$= \frac{x^{2}}{8}\Big|_{3}^{7}$$
$$= \frac{49}{8} - \frac{9}{8}$$
$$= 5$$

3. Given that $X \sim \mathcal{U}[3,7]$, compute $\operatorname{Var}[X]$.

Solution:

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} p(x)(x - E[X])^2 dx = \int_{3}^{7} k(x - E[X])^2 dx$$
$$= \int_{3}^{7} \frac{1}{4}(x - 5)^2 dx$$
$$= \frac{(x - 5)^3}{12} \Big|_{3}^{7}$$
$$= \frac{2}{3} - (-\frac{2}{3})$$
$$= \frac{4}{3}$$