

# Machine Learning Assignment 63 Problem 1

Elijah Tarr

February 24, 2021

## Problem A

(a)

$$\begin{aligned} P(T \leq 1) &= \int_0^1 \frac{t}{16} dt \\ &= \frac{1}{32} \end{aligned}$$

(b)

$$\begin{aligned} P(T \geq 2) &= 1 - \int_0^2 \frac{t}{16} dt \\ &= 1 - \frac{1}{8} &= \frac{7}{8} \end{aligned}$$

(c)

$$\begin{aligned} P(1 \leq T \leq 3) &= \int_1^3 \frac{t}{16} dt \\ &= \frac{1}{4} \end{aligned}$$

## Problem B

(a)

$$P(\text{not late} | \text{heavy traffic} | \text{not raining}) = \frac{2}{3} * \frac{1}{4} * \frac{1}{8}$$

(b)

$$\begin{aligned}P(\text{rainy}|\text{traffic}|\text{late}) &= \frac{1}{12} \\P(\text{rainy}|\text{no traffic}|\text{late}) &= \frac{1}{24} \\P(\text{not rainy}|\text{traffic}|\text{late}) &= \frac{1}{24} \\P(\text{not rainy}|\text{no traffic}|\text{late}) &= \frac{1}{16} \\P(\text{late}) &= \frac{11}{48}\end{aligned}$$

(c)

$$\begin{aligned}P(\text{rainy}|\text{late}) &= \frac{1}{3} * \frac{11}{48} \\&= \frac{11}{144}\end{aligned}$$

## Problem C

(a)

$$\begin{aligned}P(k) &= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{c}{3^k} \\ \frac{1}{c} &= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{3^k} \\ &= \frac{\frac{1}{3}}{1 - \frac{1}{3}} \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \\c &= 2\end{aligned}$$

(b)

$$\begin{aligned}P(2, 4, 6) &= \sum_{2,4,6} \frac{c}{3^k} \\&= \frac{2}{9} + \frac{2}{81} + \frac{2}{729} \\&= \frac{182}{729}\end{aligned}$$

(c)

$$\begin{aligned} P(3, 4, 5, \dots) &= \sum_{3, 4, 5, \dots} \left( \frac{c}{3^k} \right) \\ &= 2 * \frac{\frac{1}{27}}{1 - \frac{1}{3}} \\ &= \frac{1}{18} \end{aligned}$$

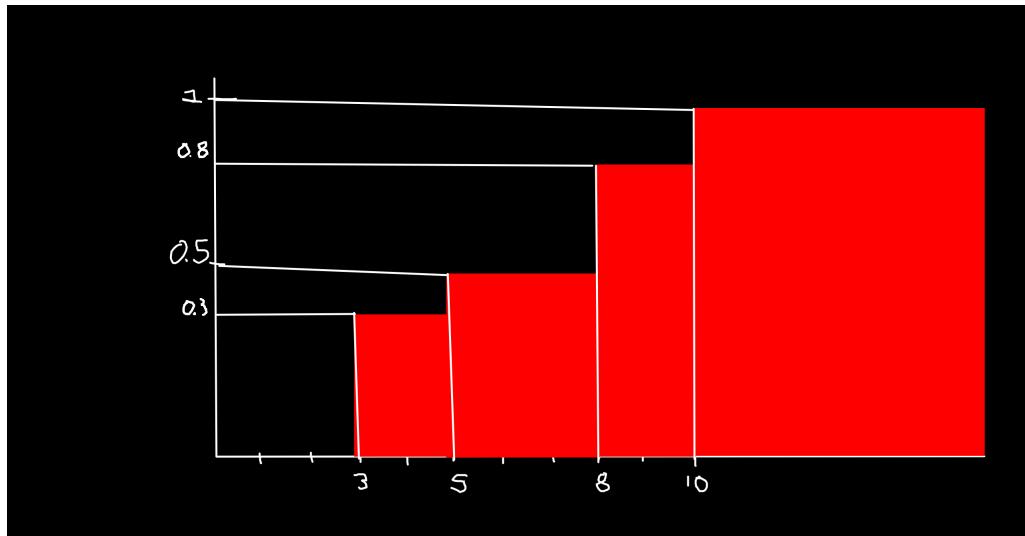
### Problem D

$$P(k \text{ red balls}) = \left( \frac{30}{100} \right)^k \left( \frac{70}{100} \right)^{20-k}$$

### Problem E

$$P(k \text{ red balls}) = \frac{30}{100} * \frac{29}{99} * \frac{28}{98} * \dots * \frac{30-k}{100-k} * \frac{70}{99-k} * \frac{69}{98-k} * \dots * \frac{50+k}{80}$$

### Problem F



## Problem G

$$\begin{aligned} & \begin{cases} \operatorname{Var}(2X - Y) = 6 \\ \operatorname{Var}(X + 2Y) = 9 \end{cases} \\ \Rightarrow & \begin{cases} 4\operatorname{Var}(X) - \operatorname{Var}(Y) = 6 \\ \operatorname{Var}(X) + 4\operatorname{Var}(Y) = 9 \end{cases} \\ \Rightarrow & \left[ \begin{array}{cc|c} 4 & -1 & 6 \\ 1 & 4 & 9 \end{array} \right] \\ \Rightarrow & \begin{cases} \operatorname{Var}(X) = \frac{33}{17} \\ \operatorname{Var}(Y) = \frac{30}{17} \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$